KING Private Pilot Syllabus





King Schools, Inc.

Private Pilot Syllabus

A Roadmap to Change Your Life Forever

Featuring King Schools:

Private Pilot Ground School and Test Prep Course
Private Pilot Practical Test Course
Special Subject Takeoff Courses

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King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus

RECORD of REVISIONS

Revision Number	Revision Date	Online Date	Change Description
Ver. 1.0	07-12-13	07-12-13	ORIGINAL
Ver. 1.1	12-21-16	12-22-16	Pg. ii, 32-40: Airman Certification Standards replaced Practical Test Standards
Ver. 1.1	12-21-16	12-22-16	Pg. Title, ii-v: Knowledge Test Course renamed Ground School and Test Prep Course
Ver. 1.1	12-21-16	12-22-16	Pg. v: Communications renamed Pilot Communications; Pg vi: Radio Navigation renamed Electronic Navigation, VFR Cross-Country Planning corrected to VFR Cross-Country Flying, Navigation A to Z renamed Airplane Navigation A to Z; Pg vii: Weather Wise renamed Aviation Weather Wise
Ver. 1.2	4-15-20	4-24-20	Pg. ii: Revised Student Pilot Certificate application process; Pg. iii: corrected Knowledge Test Course to Ground School and Test Prep Course; single-topic to single-subject

King Schools, Inc. Private Pilot Syllabus A Roadmap to Change Your Life Forever

To the individual choosing to learn to fly:

You are probably reading this syllabus because you are thinking about, or have already decided to add a significant dimension to your life by becoming a pilot. Whatever your motivation, you will find such undertaking at times seems daunting, but on the whole, it will excite you, provide profound satisfaction, as well as it will emotionally and intellectually stimulate you. You will be joining a unique segment of our population. The very act of piloting an airplane expands your mind and senses like nothing else you've ever experienced.

What is the objective of this syllabus?

The King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus provides a curriculum of instruction for the FAA required aeronautical knowledge areas using King Schools, Inc. courses and a structured flight training program for airplanes leading to a Private Pilot Certificate ("license"). This curriculum is designed for an individual with zero piloting experience to achieve their private pilot certificate in as little as 35 hours of ground instruction and *35 hours of flight instruction.

*Note: You should be aware that for a variety of valid reasons, the average time needed to complete a private pilot course is 60-90% greater than the 35-flight hour minimum. Longer training times can be attributed to the increasing complexity of airspace near many airports where flight training is offered and interruptions in training while progressing through the curriculum.

This organized sequence of ground and flight lessons build on basic awareness, elementary concepts and skills to achieve the higher level of physical skills, knowledge, and risk management tools. You will gain a keen understanding of the risks associated with flying and learn effective ways to manage those risks giving you a logical path for safe, fun ways to exercise your piloting privileges.

Upon successful completion of this syllabus, as a holder of a Private Pilot certificate, you will be authorized to fly single-engine airplanes carrying passengers during visual flight rules (VFR) weather conditions.

How do I start training using this syllabus?

You may take flight training conforming to this syllabus at a business operating as a flight school or with an independent flight instructor. Flight school businesses may be holders of an FAA Pilot School certificate giving them authorization to offer the 35-hour curriculum. Flight training with independent flight instructors and those flight schools not holding an FAA Pilot School certificate must meet a 40-hour minimum. The King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus conforms to the requirements of the 35 minimum flight hour curriculum, but it is easily adaptable for a program based on 40 minimum flight hours.

FAA certificated Pilot Schools are referred to as "Part 141" schools meaning that they conform to Title 14 of the United States Code of Federal Regulations, Part 141. The FAA approves all Part 141 Pilot Schools and closely monitors the quality of their training program. A Part 141 school using this syllabus must have submitted it as a portion of their Training Course Outline (TCO) and received approval before employing it.

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What prerequisites are necessary before starting flight training?

To enroll in a Private Pilot Certification course at a Part 141 Pilot School you must hold one of the following pilot certificates:

- Recreational Pilot Certificate,
- Sport Pilot Certificate, or
- Student Pilot Certificate
 - Before enrolling in the solo flight phase
 - Your flight instructor or flight school will assist you with the application process

What are the steps for becoming a private pilot?

Earning a Private Pilot certificate involves the items listed below. Your instructor can explain each and can answer any question you may have.

- Be at least 17 years old
 - You can start training earlier, but
 - You must be at least 16 years old to fly solo (without an instructor)
- Pass a simple medical exam (3rd Class) with an FAA Designated Aviation Medical Examiner
 - To find the Aviation Medical Examiners in your area: http://www.faa.gov/pilots/amelocator/
- Pass a test on aeronautical knowledge
 - o The King Schools *Ground School and Test Prep Course* prepares you for that test
- Complete the required flight training for the course
 - See the table summary on pages ix xii of this syllabus
- Pass a practical test with a Pilot Examiner
 - Meeting or exceeding the criteria in the FAA Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards
 - A link to the latest downloadable version is provided with the King Schools Practical Test Course

How do I start the King Schools Private Pilot curriculum?

Once you have enrolled in your flight training curriculum, you will want to review this syllabus with your flight instructor to establish a schedule and set clear, mutual expectations for your training. Your instructor is there to facilitate your learning, mentor and guide you, keep the training environment safe, and incrementally transfer management of all flight elements to you, so that when you complete your training, you will truly be qualified to be "Pilot-in-Command."

During your training you will acquire a new set of knowledge unique to aviation and this is accomplished in large part through your ground lessons. You will want to refer to the table on page v, the *Recommended King Course Ground Lesson Schedule* as your guide for study. It provides a sequence the King Schools curriculum materials and pairs topics up with the flight training lessons. These courses also help you prepare for the FAA knowledge test and the oral portion of your FAA practical test. You will want to keep up with or be ahead of the ground lesson schedule to be on track with your flight lessons and be ready at the appropriate time for those tests.

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To flight instructors and flight schools using this syllabus:

14 CFR Part 141 Training

The King Schools Private Pilot syllabus incorporates King Schools courses for aeronautical knowledge instruction. Using the *Recommended King Course Ground Lesson Schedule* table starting on page v, the King Schools Ground School and Test Prep Course and the King Schools Practical Test Course provide the Core Ground Training knowledge curriculum on the required topics satisfying 26.5 hours of the 35-hour minimum. The 15 King Schools single subject Takeoff Courses noted on the Supplemental Ground Training list offer expanded instruction exceeding the minimum ground training requirements by over 10 hours.

It is anticipated that Part 141 training courses using the King Schools Private Pilot Syllabus will incorporate both the core and supplemental courses (offered in package pricing). If a Part 141 Training Course Outline does not specify the courses on the Supplemental list, it must include lessons to satisfy at least 8.5 hours of additional ground training to ensure the pilot-in-training has the required 35 hours. Each King Schools course tracks the pilot-in-training progress and provides a certificate upon successful completion of each course.

The Course Completion Flight Minimums Table starting on page ix of this syllabus reflects the Flight Training requirements under 14 CFR Part 141 Appendix B of a Private Pilot certification course.

14 CFR Part 61 Training

This syllabus is coordinated with King Schools courses with which you are probably already familiar. The Ground School and Test Prep Course and the Practical Test Course are foundational to this syllabus, and the 15 single subject *Takeoff Courses* applicable to Private Pilot are highly recommended augmentation. There are package options your client can take advantage of. You and your client should discuss a study schedule to match their goals and flight schedule. You will want to encourage and monitor your client's study so that they are prepared for the tests at the appropriate time without loss of continuity in their training.

Private Pilot Ground School and Test Prep Course:

Ground School for the required aeronautical knowledge areas and the FAA Knowledge Test. This course may be taken prior to starting the flight training or incrementally thorough it as suggested in the Ground Lesson Schedule on page v.

Private Pilot Practical Test Course:

Ground school preparation for the FAA practical test (oral and in-flight portions). This course is most effective when taken later in the training.

Takeoff Courses (Individual single subject courses):

Each applicable course is listed with a suggested progress point for taking it.

Scenario Based Training

You are encouraged to create and use a realistic scenario for each of these lessons such that your client has an intellectual and emotional investment for every flight. Each scenario will include a plausible reason for making the flight...on that day...at that time. It will also state or imply consequences if the flight is not completed (your wife won't speak to you for a week if you miss her sister's birthday party; this meeting is crucial to your company's future; etc.).

Using such scenarios goes hand-in-hand with the early involvement of your client identifying and managing risks.

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Task Grading

You will want to make sure your client clearly understands the objective of each flight and task and the acceptable performance standard for each. The grading for each task/maneuver is either "Meets" indicating the pilot you are training met or exceeded the minimum standard, or "Continue" indicating that the task was either not performed or not performed per the minimum standard. A continued task will then be added to a subsequent lesson.

To avoid unrealistic expectations, make sure your client understands that some tasks are more difficult than others and may require more than one flight to master. It is also helpful they understand that interruptions in the training schedule for weather, personal schedules, etc. can make it necessary to revisit tasks that have been previously mastered.

Learner-Centered Grading

You may want to employ the postflight "learner-centered grading" technique of asking your client to mark and evaluate their performance with each of the tasks on that flight while at the same time you mark your form. You can then use a comparison of the marks for your lesson debrief. It may be very revealing to see where you and your client matched and where you didn't. This offers the opportunity to discuss the differences. As the instructor, you have the final authority in assigning the grade.

Lesson Completion

Ground training study is tracked within in the individual King Schools courses and each course makes available a printable completion certificate when all the requirements for that course are done. Individual subjects within the King Schools Ground School and Test Prep Course may be documented by printing a screen capture of the course main menu that displays a checkmark and date for a completed subject.

A flight lesson is complete when all the tasks have been graded as meeting or exceeding the task standards and lesson total and sub-category times meet or exceed the minimum listed in the table on pages ix and x. Individual tasks not attempted or not meeting standards within a lesson may be carried over and included in the next lesson within that stage. If there are incomplete tasks in the last lesson within a stage, that lesson must be repeated as necessary to finish all tasks to the standards. If a lesson task requires equipment not available in the aircraft or training device (i.e. autopilot), that task will be noted as not applicable in the training course outline.

Stage Completion

A stage is complete when all the lessons have been completed including progress checks and any specified tests.

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RECOMMENDED KING COURSE GROUND LESSON SCHEDULE

If the pilot-in-training does not complete the ground/test prep course before beginning flight training, recommend following schedule of ground lessons be done prior to the paired flight lesson. Recommend that the pilot-in-training successfully complete the FAA Knowledge Test before the first solo cross courses, the "Pt 141 App B pp" columns identify the paragraphs of Part 141 Appendix B (aeronautical knowledge requirement) covered in those topics. country. The training times noted account for video instruction and answering questions. Although this schedule applies to both Part 61 and Part 141

KTC—refers to the King Schools *Private Pilot Ground School and Test Prep Course* with subject title

(D)—refers to "dual" flown with an instructor and logged as "flight training"

PTC—refers to the King Schools *Private Pilot Practical Test Course* TOC—refers to a King Schools Takeoff (Single Subject) Course by title

(S)—refers to "solo" in which the client is the sole occupant of the aircraft

FLIGHT TRAINING	CORE GROUND TRAINING	INING		SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND TRAINING	TRAINING	
Lessons	KING SCHOOLS KNOWLEDGE &	Training	Pt 141	KING SCHOOLS TAKEOFF AND RISK	Training	Pt 141
	PRACTICAL TEST COURSES	Time	Арр В рр	MANAGEMENT COURSES	Time	Арр В рр
	Stage 1:Fam	iliarization	Stage 1:Familiarization and Basic Control	ontrol		
1-Introduction and				TOC Takeoffs and Landings Made	1.2	3(b)(7)
Familiarization (D)				Easy		
2-Exploring Control (D)	KTC Aerodynamics	1.3	3(b)(7), (10),(11)			
3-Interpreting the	KTC Flight Instruments	8.0	3(b)(10)	TOC Pilot Communications	1.8	3(b)(5)
Investigating Slow Flight (D)						
4-Learning About Stalls and Improving Control (D)	KTC Communications and Radar Services	0.8	3(b)(5), (7)	TOC Taming Stalls and Spins	1.4	3(b)(4)
5-Flying a Desired Path Over the Ground (D)	KTC Sectional Charts	0.8	3(b)(4)			
6-Instrument Reference and Progress Check (D)						
	Stage 2: Refining Control and Learning to Land	ng Control a	and Learning	to Land		
7-Normal Takeoffs and Landings (D)	KTC Airspace and Weather Minimums	2.0	3(b)(1)			
8-Crosswind Takeoffs and Landings (D)	KTC Flight Operations	3.3	3(b)(3), (7),(8), (10),(12), (13)(i)			

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FLIGHT TRAINING	CORE GROUND TRAINING	INING		SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND TRAINING	TRAINING	
Lessons	KING SCHOOLS KNOWLEDGE & PRACTICAL TEST COURSES	Training Time	Pt 141 App B pp	KING SCHOOLS TAKEOFF AND RISK MANAGEMENT COURSES	Training Time	Pt 141 App B pp
9-Instrument Reference and Landing Proficiency (D)						
10-Dealing with Emergencies (D)	KTC Federal Aviation Regulations	2.4	3(b)(1), (2),(7), (13)(i)	TOC Surviving Your Most Feared Emergencies	1.1	3(b)(10), (13)(ii)
11-Pre-Solo Progress Check (D)	Take Pre-solo Knowledge Test					
12-First Solo (D/S)						
	Stage 3: Expand	ing Maneuv	e 3: Expanding Maneuvers and Landings Skills	Jings Skills		
13-Review and Solo (D/S)	KTC Weight and Balance	1.0	(6)(q)E			
14-Short Field Takeoff and Landing (D)	KTC Aircraft Performance	1.4	3(b)(8), (13)(i)			
15-Building Skill with Maneuvers and Landings (S)						
16-Soft Field Takeoff and Landing (D)	KTC Weather	3.7	3(b)(6), (13)(i)			
17- Maneuver Practice (S)				TOC METAR/TAF Made Easy	1.3	3(p)(e)
	Stage 4	: Night and	Stage 4: Night and Cross Country	٨		
18-Pilotage and DR Cross Country (D)	KTC Cross Country Planning	3.1	3(b)(4)	TOC VFR Cross-Country Flying	1.9	3(b)(4),(6) (13)(i)(ii)
19-Electronic Navigation (D)	KTC <i>Electronic Navigation</i>	1.6	3(b)(4)	TOC Airplane <i>Navigation From A to Z</i>	2.2	3(b)(4)
20-All Systems Cross Country (D)						
21-Night Flying (D)				TOC Night Flying	0.7	3(b)(7), (12)
22-Pre-Solo Cross Country Progress Check (D)				TOC Airport Signs, Markings & Procedures	1.1	3(b)(3)

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FLIGHT TRAINING	CORE GROUND TRAINING	RAINING		SUPPLEMENTAL GROUND TRAINING	TRAINING	
Lessons	KING SCHOOLS KNOWLEDGE	Training	Pt 141 App	KING SCHOOLS TAKEOFF AND RISK	Training	Pt 141
	& PRACTICAL TEST COURSES	Time	В рр	MANAGEMENT COURSES	Time	Арр В рр
23-First Solo Cross Country	Take FAA Knowledge Test			TOC Aviation Weather Wise	6.0	3(b)(6),
(S)						(13)(i)
24-Night Cross Country (D)				TOC The Complete Airspace Review	1.8	3(b)(1)
25-Second Solo Cross				TOC Practical Risk Management for	1.3	3(b)(12),
Country (S)				Pilots		(13)(ii)
26-Emergencies and				TOC Surviving Systems Emergencies	1.8	3(b)(10),
Instrument review (D)						(13)(ii)
27-Long Solo Cross				TOC Making Your Own Rules—	1.2	3(b)(12)
Country(S)				Personal Minimums		
	Sta	ge 5: Earni	Stage 5: Earning your certificate	cate		
28-Maneuvers Review (D)				TOC VFR Regulations Refresher	1.9	3(b)(1)
29-Maneuvers Practice (S)						
30-Pre-Checkride Instructor	PTC (entire course)	4.3				
Review (D)						
31-Pre-Checkride Progress Check (D)						
Total K	Total KTC & PTC	26.5		Total TOC	21.6	

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Course Completion Flight Training Minimums Tables

This syllabus was designed to be used for a 14 CFR Part 141 FAA certificated Pilot School training course (table pages ix and x) as well as a course meeting the requirements for Part 61 training (table pages xi and xii).

The shaded areas on this table are the minimum times within a flight lesson for a specific training category, that if met or exceeded, will make sure the pilot being trained meets the FAA required minimums for those categories. You will find the applicable FAA total requirements for each category in the last row of the table.

These tables reflect a typical number of flights and the minimum number of hours to complete the FAA time/event requirements. Interruptions in the training schedule for weather, personal schedules, etc. can require additional review to achieve/regain the necessary proficiency.

PART 141

Stage #	Lesson #	Total	Dual	Solo	XC Dual	XC Solo	Night	Night Land	Twr Ldg Solo	Instm't Reference
1	1	0.9	0.9							
	2	0.9	0.9							
	3	1.0	1.0							
	4	1.0	1.0							0.3
	5	0.9	0.9							
	6 Prg ✓	1.2	1.2							0.3
Stage	Totals	5.9	5.9							0.6
2	7	0.9	0.9							0.3
	8	1.0	1.0							
	9	1.0	1.0							
	10	1.0	1.0							
	11 Prg ✓	1.2	1.2							0.3
	12	1.0	0.7	0.3						
Stage	Totals	6.1	5.8	0.3						0.6
3	13	1.0		0.3						
	14	0.9	0.9							
	15	0.9		0.9						
	16 Prg ✓	1.2	1.2							
	17	0.9		0.9					1	
Stage	Totals	4.9	2.8	2.1					1	

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Stage	Lesson	Total	Dual	Solo	XC	XC	Night	Night	Twr Ldg	Instm't
#	#				Dual	Solo	Dual	Land	Solo	Reference
4	18	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	19	1.0	1.0							0.4
	20	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	21	1.4	1.4				1.4	6		0.4
	22 Prg ✓	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	23	1.3		1.3		1.3				
	24	1.6	1.6		1.6		1.6	4	1	0.3
	25 (Pt 61)	0.0								
	26	1.1	1.1							0.4
	27	1.8		1.8		1.8			1	
Stage	Totals	12.1	9.0	3.1	5.5	3.1	3.0	10	2	1.5
5	28	1.5	1.5							
	29	1.5		1.5						
	30	1.5	1.5							0.3
	31 Prg ✓	1.5	1.5							0.3
Stage	Totals	6.0	4.5	1.5						0.6
Final	Totals	35.0	28.0	7.0	5.5	3.1	3.0	10	3	3.3
Pt141	Min.	35	20	5	3	*	3	10	3	3

^{*141} solo XC: No minimum time. Must be 100 nm, landing at 3 points, one segment >50 nm takeoff to land

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PART 61

Stage #	Lesson #	Total	Dual	Solo	XC Dual	XC Solo	Night	Night Land	Twr Ldg Solo	Instm't Reference
1	1	1.0	1.0							
	2	1.0	1.0							
	3	1.1	1.1							
	4	1.1	1.1							0.3
	5	1.0	1.0							
	6 Prg ✓	1.3	1.3							0.3
Stage	Totals	6.5	6.5							0.6
2	7	1.0	1.0							0.3
	8	1.1	1.1							
	9	1.1	1.1							
	10	1.1	1.1							
	11 Prg ✓	1.3	1.3							0.3
	12	1.1	0.8	0.3						
Stage	Totals	6.7	6.4	0.3						0.6
3	13	1.1	0.6	0.5						
	14	1.0	1.0							
	15	1.2		1.2						
	16 Prg ✓	1.2	1.2							
	17	1.4		1.4					1	
Stage	Totals	5.9	2.8	3.1						
4	18	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	19	1.1	1.1							0.4
	20	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	21	1.4	1.4				1.4	6		0.4
	22 Prg ✓	1.3	1.3		1.3					
	23	1.5		1.5		1.5			1	
	24	1.6	1.6		1.6		1.6	4		0.3
	25	1.6		1.6		1.6				
	26	1.4	1.4							0.4
	27	2.2		2.2		2.2			1	
Stage	Totals	14.7	9.4	5.3	5.5	5.3	3.0	10	2	1.5

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Stage #	Lesson #	Total	Dual	Solo	XC Dual	XC Solo	Night Dual	Night Land	Twr Ldg Solo	Instm't Reference
5	28	1.6	1.6							
	29	1.6		1.6						
	30	1.6	1.6							0.3
	31 Prg ✓	1.6	1.6							0.3
Stage	Totals	6.4	4.8	1.6						0.6
Final	Totals	40.2	29.9	10.3	5.5	5.3	3.0	10	3	3.3
Pt61	Min.	40	20	10	3	5	3	10	3	3

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STAGE 1

Familiarization and Basic Control

Objectives:

Learn about basic aerodynamic concepts including stalls and spins, flight instruments, communications and radar services, VFR Charts, and elements of takeoffs and landings. Acquire an understanding of safety precautions, preflight preparation and decisions involved with managing potential flight risks.

Perform with minimal instructor assistance collision avoidance procedures, radio communications, basic visual maneuvers including turns, climbs, descents and straight and level flight and explore control by instrument reference. Also experience the sensations of approaching a stall and making correct recovery control inputs, discover how to correct for wind to achieve desired flight path, gliding, and start making takeoffs and landings.

Complete progress check.

Flight Lesson 1 — Introduction and Familiarization — Dual

Objective: Becoming familiar with the airport environment, your aircraft, safety precautions, preflight preparations, basic aircraft control on the ground and in the air, and post flight operations.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Safety Practices, Procedures and Equipment		
1		Understands hazards, door, seat, safety belt, and fire extinguisher operation		
		Preflight Inspection, Flight Control and Systems Operation		
2		Observes preflight demo using checklist; understands switch & control functions		
		Positive Exchange of Flight Controls		
3		Understands and uses the positive three-step exchange of controls		
		Prestart checklist, Engine Starting and Warm-up		
4		Observes prestart checklist, starting and warm up procedures		
		Taxiing		
5		Observes demo, with instr assist controls the airplane, observes signs and markings		
		Before Takeoff Checks and Engine Runup		
6		Observes pretakeoff checklist and engine runup		
		Normal Takeoff and Climb		
7		Observes & is lightly on the controls for instructor's takeoff & initial climb		
		Level-off		
8		Observes and is lightly on the controls for instructor's level-off from initial climb		
		Checklist Use		
9		Observes instructor use of checklists for all phases of flight		
		Collision Avoidance		
10		Observes demo of clearing for traffic during climbs, descents, and before turns		
		Trimming		
11		Senses the changes in control pressure and moves trim wheel in the correct direction		
		Straight and Level		
12		Notes reference point and altitude changes and initiates corrections		
		Demonstration of tendency to maintain straight and level flight		
13		Observes instructor demonstration of pitch and bank stability		
		Turn Coordination		
14		With instructor assist applies rudder when starting & stopping turns		
		Medium Bank Turns		
15		With assist starts & stops coordinated medium-bank, level altitude turn		
		Climbs and Level-off		
16		Observes climb attitude and with instructor assist can establish a climb		
		Descents and Level-off		
17		Observes descent attitude and with instructor assist can establish a descent		
		Area Familiarization		
18		Observes as instructor directs attention to prominent landmarks and roadways		
		Normal Approach and Landing		
19		Observes instructor normal approach and landing demo including checklist use		
		After Landing, Taxi and Parking		
20		With instructor assist, completes after-landing checklist, taxi, shutdown & parking		
		Post Flight Procedures		
21		Observes postflight inspection and securing demonstration while following checklist		
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs In:		
Ī	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avior		Total Time:		
		l community of the state of the		
Custon	ner s	gnature: Instructor signature:		

Flight Lesson 2 — **Exploring Control** — Dual

Objective: Start basic communications, apply rudder for turns and power/airspeed changes, combine climbs with turns and make descents with turns, flaps and no power, and build confidence in basic maneuvering.

Date:	Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
	Preflight Inspection, Flight Control and Systems Operation		
1	With assist, performs preflight inspection with checklist & can explain systems operation		
	Safety Equipment and Procedures		
2	Demonstrates door, seat & safety belt operation & can explain fire extinguisher use		
	Engine Starting and Warm-up		
3	With instructor assist, completes prestart checklist, engine start & warm-up		
	Radio Communications		
4	Turns on & sets up Comm radios copies ATIS, & makes taxi calls using a script		
_	Taxiing and Runway Incursion Avoidance		
5	Taxies with minimal instructor assist, uses airport diagram, notes signs and markings	<u> </u>	
	Before Takeoff Checks and Engine Runup		
6	Completes pretakeoff checklist and engine runup with instructor assist		
_	Normal Takeoff and Climb		
7	Follows lightly on the controls during instructor's takeoff and initial climb		
8	Level-off		
٥	With Instructor assist, levels off at desired altitude ± 300' Collision Avoidance		
9	With instructor assist clears traffic during climbs, descents, and before turns		
7	Turn Coordination		
10	Applies aileron and appropriate rudder & elevator for turns both directions		
10	Medium Bank Turns		
11	Checks for traffic, starts a medium-bank turn holding $\pm 200'$ and stops $turn \pm 20^{\circ}$		
	Left and Right Turning Tendency		
12	Notes rudder required for lo speed/hi power & hi speed/lo power		
	Trimming		
13	Applies trim in the correct direction removing control pressure		
	Straight and Level		
14	Picks reference, maintains altitude ± 200' & heading within ±20°		
	Climbs and Descents and Level-off With and Without Turns		
15	With assist, adjusts power, pitch & bank to hold \pm 10 kts & levels off \pm 200' & \pm 20°		
	Descents With and Without Flaps		
16	With instructor assist, starts descent without flaps & extends flaps in increments		
	Power Off Descent		
17	Notes attitude for best glide speed, makes turns, & adds power for level flight		
40	Area Familiarization		
18	Notes prominent, familiar landmarks to and from practice area		
10	Normal Approach and Landing		
19	Follows checklist & observes instructor demonstration of normal approach and landing	<u> </u>	
20	After Landing, Taxi and Parking With minimal assist completes after landing checks, taxi using airport diagram and parking		
20	Post Flight Procedures		
21	Completes postflight inspection and secures the aircraft using checklist		
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Flight Lesson 3 — **Interpreting the Instruments and Investigating Slow Flight** — Dual Objective: With minimal assistance, perform before flight operations, basic in-flight control, and post-flight operations. Correlate instruments to outside view and note controls and sensory inputs when flying slowly.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Reviews PAVE checklist with instructor noting fuel, weather conditions & loading		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
2		With minimal assist, uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		
		Radio Communications		
3		With instructor assist & script, makes taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls		
		Crosswind Taxi		
4		With minimal assist, notes wind, positons controls to counter the wind effects, uses diagram		
		Normal Take Off and Climb		
5		With instructor's assist, performs normal takeoff, climbs ±10 kts, scans for traffic		
		Straight and Level		
6		Notes reference point and altitude changes and initiates corrections, ±150' & ±15°		
		Turns		
7		Starts and stops shallow & medium bank turns holding altitude ±150' rolling out ±15°		
		Climbs and Descents Straight and with Turns		
8		Grasps pitch/airspeed relationship holds ±10 kts, trims, & levels-off within ±100'		
		Power Off Descent		
9		Attitude for best glide speed, 180° turns noting altitude loss, & level-off ±100'		
		Aileron/Rudder Coordination Exercise		
10		Observes demo & then practices 30° bank side-to-side keeping nose on point		
		Straight and Level Using Flight Instruments		
11		Using visual reference, S&L on instruments ±300' ±20° & compare with outside view		
		Turns Using Flight Instruments		
12		Left & right med bank turns on instruments ±300' ±20° & compare with outside view		
		Climbs and Descents Using Flight Instruments		
13		Initiates climbs and descents on instruments ±15° & compare with outside view		
		Flying Slowly		
14		With assist, slows to 1.1VS S&L, shallow turns, note changes in force, response & sound		
		Descent at Approach Airspeed in Landing Configuration		
15		With minimal assist descends approach airspeeds/flaps to simulated landing at altitude		
		Go-Around Procedures		
16		Observes demo & with assist does go-arounds at altitude (partial and full flaps)		
		Area Recognition		
17		Correlates position with prominent local landmarks		
		Normal Approach and Landing		
18		Follows lightly on the controls during instructor's normal approach and landing		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
19		With minimal assist, uses appropriate checklists/diagrams & performs all ground operations		

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Flight Lesson 4 — Learning About Stalls and Improving Control — Dual

Objective: Learn signs of an approaching stall and how to recover when entered. Increase precision holding altitude, heading, bank, and airspeed in the fundamental maneuvers using visual and instrument reference.

Date:	Date: Name of pilot in training:			
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs the PAVE checklist emphasizing conditions, fuel, loading, and pilot factors		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
2		Understands concept of aerodynamic stall & spin, warning signs & need to control yaw		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		
		Crosswind Taxi		
4		Notes wind & positons controls to counter the wind effects		
		Radio Communications		
5		With minimal assist & script, makes taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
6		With minimal assist, tracks centerline, normal liftoff, climbs ±10 kts, scans for traffic		
		Fundamental Maneuvers Visual Reference		
7		Uses coordinated controls, altitude ±150', heading ±15°, airspeed ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
8		Fundamental Maneuvers Instrument Reference		
		Uses coordinated controls, altitude ±250', heading ±20°, airspeed ±10 kts, bank ±15°		
		Flying Slowly		
9		With minimal assist, S&L, turns, climbs, & descents at minimum airspeed		
		Controlling Roll and Yaw at High Angle of Attack		
10		With instructor assistance, explores rudder use for bank control		
		Power-Off Stall		
11		Observes demo and with assist, slows to a power-off stall & recovers at first indiction		
		Power-Off Descent		
12		Demo of simulated emergency approach & landing, practice to no lower than 500' AGL		
		Aileron/Rudder Coordination Exercise		
13		30° bank side-to-side keeping nose within ±20° of point		
		Go-Around Procedures		
14		Practice go-around procedures at altitude (partial and full flaps)		
		Collision Avoidance		
15		Aware of high threat areas, scans for traffic in climbs & before turns & maneuvers		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
16		With instructor assist, complies with ATC instructions or non-tower procedures		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
17		With instructor assist, completes checklist, configures airplane, flys approach to landing		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
18		Uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		

A/C Type:	Hobbs In:	
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Flight Lesson 5 — Flying a Desired Path Over the Ground — Dual

Objective: Become aware of the wind's effect on your flight path and learn how to stay on a desired track over the ground. Continue building skill with maneuvers, slow flight and stalls and gain confidence with the radio.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management and Decision Making		
1		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how it relates to decisions involving this flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Reviews with instructor resources available to assist the pilot in flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
3		Can explain what a stall is, the warning signs, how to recover, & what causes a spin		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		
		Radio Communications		
5		With minimal aids, makes all taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
6		Tracks centerline, normal liftoff, conforms to departure, climbs ±5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Fundamental Maneuvers Visual Reference		
7		Uses coordinated controls, altitude ±150′, heading ±15°, airspeed ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Crab		
8		Notes impact of crosswind on ground track & applies a crab angle to stay on track		
		Turns Around a Point		
9		Observes demo, notes wind, checks traffic, adjusts bank to correct for wind, ±200'		
		Rectangular Course		
10		Notes wind, checks traffic, applies crab for crosswind, adjusts bank in turns, ±200'		
		Sideslip		
11		Notes crosswind, uses sideslip to keep heading & track on ground course		
		Forward Slip		
12		Uses slip to increase descent rate while keeping track aligned with ground reference		
		Power-Off Stall		
13		Checks traffic, slows to a straight power-off stall & recovers at first indication		
		Power-On Stall		
14		With assist, takeoff airspeed, adds power, pitches up, recovers at first indication		
		Power-Off Descent		
15		Simulated emergency approach & landing to no lower than 500' AGL, ±15 kts		
		Go-Around Procedures		
16		Practice go-around procedures at altitude (partial and full flaps), -50'		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
17		With minimal assist, complies with ATC instructions or non-tower procedures, ±150'		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
18		With minimal assist, completes checklist, configures airplane, flies approach to landing		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
19		Uses appropriate checklists & performs all ground operations		

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Flight Lesson 6 — Instrument Reference and Progress Check — Dual

Objective: Become aware of the wind's effect on your flight path and learn how to stay on a desired track over the ground. Continue building skill with maneuvers, slow flight and stalls and gain confidence with the radio.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs the PAVE checklist discussing risk factors for this flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
2		Explains what a stall is, warning signs, how to recover, & what causes a spin		
		Preflight Inspection		
3		Conducts thorough preflight inspection using checklist all item are complete		
		Safety equipment and procedures		
4		Briefs door, seat, safety belt & fire extinguisher & exchange of controls		
		Radio Communications		
5		Makes all taxi, takeoff, & pre-landing calls & understands common instructions		
		Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
6		Uses appropriate checklists, control positions, speed for taxi, ensures ready for flight		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff		
7		Uses correct controls, tracks centerline, normal liftoff attitude & airspeed		
		Departure and Climb		
8		Complies w/instructions or appropriate non-tower procedures, ±10 kts, scans for traffic		
_		Collision Avoidance		
9		Clears traffic before turns & in climbs/descents & makes pre-maneuver clearing turns		
		Fundamental Visual Maneuvers (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
10		Coordinated controls, in trim, alt ±150′, hdg ±10°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
44		Basic Instrument Maneuvers (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
11		Keeps the airplane upright, coordinated, alt ±250′, hdg ±20°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±15°		
12		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
12		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±200′, hdg ±15°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
12		Power-Off Stall		
13		Clears traffic, slows to a straight power-off full stall, recovers	<u> </u>	
1.1		Power-On Stall		
14		Clears traffic, takeoff airspeed, adds power, pitches up, ball centered, recovers	<u> </u>	
1 1 5		Forward Slip (at altitude)		
15		Increases descent rate with a slip maintaining track aligned with ground reference Ground Reference Maneuvers		
16				
10	ļ	Notes wind, clears traffic, adjusts bank to correct for wind, ±200' Go-Around Procedures	<u> </u>	
17		Practice go-around procedures at altitude (partial and full flaps), stops descent <30'		
		Airport Traffic Pattern	 	
18		Makes radio calls, complies with ATC instructions or non-tower procedures, alt ±150'		
10		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
19		Completes checklist, configures airplane, approach ±10 kts, minimal assist on landing		
13		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
20		Uses appropriate checklists, safety practices & performs appropriate ground operations		
		oses appropriate effections, safety practices & perjorns appropriate ground operations		
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STAGE 2

Refining Control and Learning to Land

Objectives:

Learn about airspace, weather minimums, reference publications, collision avoidance, wake turbulence, powerplant operations, aircraft systems, Federal Aviation Regulations and applicable NTSB regulations.

Begin steep turns, cross-wind landings, go-arounds, crosswind takeoffs and landings, explore dealing with potential emergencies, expand skills with slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, and control by Instrument reference.

Complete Pre-solo Knowledge test

Complete Pre-solo progress check.

Complete supervised solo flight

Flight Lesson 7 — **Normal Takeoffs and Landings** — Dual

Objective: Introduce steep turns. Work on normal landings focusing on making consistent approaches with stabilized airspeed and rate of descent. Practice go-arounds from different positions in the landing approach.

Date:	Date: Name of pilot in training:			
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
1		Briefs resources available to assist the pilot in flight		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs the PAVE checklist discussing risk factors for this flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
3		Briefs stall characteristics & recovery procedure & spin recognition & recovery		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		Tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, conforms to procedures, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
_		Pilotage		
6		Correlates position on chart with prominent local landmarks & airspace		
_		Steep Turns		
7		Observes demo, 360° turns left and right, alt ±250′, hdg ±20°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off Stall		
9		Clears traffic, power-off full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, prompt AOA, power & level wings		
		Descent at Approach Airspeed in Landing Configuration		
10		Simulated stabilized approach to flare & go-around at altitude, a/s +10/-5 kts		
		Rectangular Course		
11		Notes wind, checks traffic, parallel to reference, adjusts bank in turns, ±150'		
4.0		S-Turns		
12		Observes demo, notes wind, checks traffic, adjusts bank to correct for wind, ±150'		
4.0		Straight and Level and Standard Rate Turns to a Heading (IR)		
13		Under control, coordinated, alt ±200', hdg ±15°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
14		Radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'		
4.5		Normal Approach Landing (Full Stop)		
15		Min. 3 landings to full stop, stabilized, +10/-5 kts, lands center 1/3, landing attitude		
4.0		Go-Around Procedures		
16		Execute go-arounds from base, final, and start of flare with minimal altitude loss		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
17	ļ	Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		<u> </u>

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Flight Lesson 8 — Crosswind Takeoffs and Landings — Dual

Objective: Wind drift awareness on landing approach and become comfortable using the wing-down sideslip method for control. Expand proficiency with slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, and landings.

Date:	Date: Name of pilot in training:			
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
1		Briefs resources available for assistance during this flight		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist flight risk factors including required runway for takeoff & landing		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
3		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
_		Pilotage		
6		Correlates position on chart with prominent local landmarks & airspace		
_		Steep Turns		
7		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±200′, hdg ±20°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Forward Slip Left and Right (at altitude)		
9		Stable pitch attitude, track aligned with ground reference, recovers at approach a/s		
4.0		Ground Reference Maneuvers		
10		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±150', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Demonstration of Faulty Approach and Landing and Corrections		
11		Observes instructor demo of correction & go-around for approach & landing errors		
12		Normal Approach and Landing		
12		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, touchdown first 1/3, center 1/3, landing attitude		
12		Forward Slip to Landing		
13		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
14		Sideslip Exercise Over Runway		
14		Observes demo, 5-10' above & parallel to runway, sideslip one side to other, go-around Crosswind Landing (Full Stop)		
15				
		Min. 3 , tracks C/L, lands center 1/3, parallel to runway, +10/-5 kts, landing attitude Go-Around		
16		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for V_{γ} , +10/-5, retract flaps, offset as appropriate		
<u> </u>		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		+
17		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Appropriate aneconists, positions controls for A wind & performs an ground operations		+

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Flight Lesson 9 — Instrument Reference and Landing Proficiency — Dual

Objective: Building skill controlling the airplane referring only to the instruments and increase proficiency with stabilized landing approaches and consistent landings within safe, acceptable touchdown parameters.

Date: Name of pilot in training:				
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
1		Briefs resources available for assistance during this flight		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist flight risk factors including weight & balance calculations		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
3		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
6		Briefs resources available to assistance during this flight		
		Constant Airspeed Climbs and Descents (IR)		
7		Coordinated, a/s ±10 kts, hdg ±15°, leveloff altitude ±150'		
8		Steep Turns		
		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±150′, hdg ±15°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
9		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated) at Altitude		
		Observes demo, assesses situation, best glide ±15 kts, best field, memory items		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
10		Parallel to runway on downwind, crabs with X-wind, conforms to procedures, alt ±100'		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
11		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, touchdown first 1/3, in center 1/3, landing attitude		
		No Radio Procedures (Simulated)		
12		NORDO traffic pattern entry & light gun signals for give way, land & taxi .		1
		Go-Around		
13		Immediately add takeoff power, pitch for V $_{\gamma}$, +10/-5, retract flaps, offset as appropriate		1
		Rejected Takeoff		
14		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		1
		Forward Slip to Landing		
15		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
4.0		Flying without an Airspeed Indicator		
16		Training Pilot's ASI view obstructed, landing apporach using attitude for airspeed		
		Flying without an Altimeter		
17		Training Pilot's ALT view obstructed, landing apporach by estimating altitude		
1.0		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
18		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		

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Hobbs Out:	
Total Time:	
Instructor signature:	
	Hobbs Out: Total Time:

Flight Lesson 10 — **Dealing with Emergencies** — Dual

Objective: Review and practice correct procedures for equipment, systems, and engine failure or fire. Improve skill with approaches and landings.

Date:	Date: Name of pilot in training:			
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist flight risk factors and plan to mitigate them		
		Situational Awareness		
2		Discusses methods of reorienting if temporarily lost in the local area		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
3		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		
		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Blocked Pitot System or Static System		
6		Explains indications & procedures		
		Primary Flight Display Failure		
7		Explains indications & procedures		
		Electrical System Failure		
8		Explains indications & procedures		
		Engine Failure (at Altitude) Simulated Landing		
9		Assesses situation, best glide ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff (at Altitude)		
10		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Emergency Descent		
11		Idle, clears area, 30-45° bank, radio call, max speed for configuration and conditions +0/-10 kts		
		Engine Fire		
12		Memory items, best glide ±10 kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
13		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
		Landing at Tower Controlled or Non-Tower Controlled Airport		
14		Traffic pattern procedures for the situation not yet experienced (if applicable)		
		No Flap Landing		
15		Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
		Go-Around		
16		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for VY, +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate		
		Rejected Takeoff		
17		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control	<u> </u>	
		Forward Slip to Landing		
18		Low wing into wind, track aligned w/runway, smooth recovery to landing first 1/3	<u> </u>	
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
19		Appropriate checklists, positions controls for X-wind & performs all ground operations		

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Flight Lesson 11 — Pre-Solo Progress Check — Dual

Objective: Review of overall risk management, relevant knowledge, key maneuvers, and preparedness for solo flight.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Using PAVE checklist briefs risk factors for this flight & how to mitigate them		
		Single Pilot Resource Management	İ	
2		Explains resources available for assistance during this flight		
_		Situational Awareness	Ì	
3		Explains methods of reorienting if lost or disoriented		
		Stall/Spin Awareness	Ì	
4		Explains stall & spin causes, characteristics & recovery procedures		
_		Wake Turbulence Avoidance	Ì	
5		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
_		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks	Ì	
6		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
_		Radio Communications	Ì	
7		Makes all appropriate calls, understands or requests clarification for instructions		
		Collision Avoidance	Ì	
8		Clears traffic before all operations on the ground & airborne		
0		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb	Ì	
9		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
10		Fundamental Maneuvers VR (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)	Ì	
10		Coordinated controls, in trim, alt ±100', hdg ±10°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
11		Fundamental Maneuvers IR (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)	Ì	
11		Coordinated controls, altitude ±150', heading ±15°, airspeed ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
12		Steep Turns	İ	
12		Clears area, 360° L&R, coordinated, alt ±150′, hdg ±15°, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
12		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)	Ì	
13		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
1.1		Power-Off and Power-On Stall	Ì	
14		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, prompt AOA, power & level wings		
15		Engine Failures at Altitude and in Climb	İ	
15		Assesses situation, best glide ±10 kts, best field, memory items Ground Reference Maneuvers		
16			Ì	
10		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±150', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
17		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing	Ì	
1/		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3 No Flap Landing		
18		1 9	Ì	
10		Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3 Rejected Takeoff		
19		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control	Ì	
13		Go-Around		
20		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for V_{γ} , +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate	Ì	
20		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
21		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls	i	
	1001			
A/C Ty	•	Hobbs In:		
	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avion	ics:	Total Time:	<u>. </u>	
Custom	er si	gnature: Instructor signature:		
		<u> </u>		

Flight Lesson 12 — First Solo — Dual/Solo

Objective: (Note: The instructor's pre-solo test must be completed and reviewed prior to this flight.) Review fundamental maneuvers and make three solo takeoffs and landings.

Date:					
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue	
		Pre-Solo Aeronautical Knowledge Test			
1		Instructor administers test and reviews all incorrect answers before authorizing solo flight			
		Risk Management			
2		Using PAVE checklist briefs risk factors for this flight & how to mitigate them			
2		Single Pilot Resource Management			
3		Explains resources available for assistance during this flight			
1		Aircraft Performance and Weight and Balance			
4		Briefs takeoff & landing runway required, climb rate & dual & solo wt & balance			
5		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks			
3		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls Radio Communications	_		
6		Makes all appropriate calls, understands or requests clarification for instructions			
- 0		Collision Avoidance	+		
7		Clears traffic before all operations on the ground & airborne			
,		Normal and Crosswind Take Off, Departure and Climb			
8		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic			
		Pilotage to Practice Area			
9		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks			
		Ground Reference Maneuvers			
10		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±150', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight			
		Airport Traffic Pattern			
11		Appropriate radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'			
		Normal Approach and Landing			
12		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3			
		Go-Around			
13		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for V $_{ m Y}$, +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate			
		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements			
14		Instructor makes appropriate entries & explains limitations			
		Radio Communications (Solo)			
15		Makes all appropriate calls, understands or requests clarification for instructions			
		Airport Ground and Taxi Operations (Solo)			
16		Radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures			
47		Normal Takeoff, Climb to Remain in Traffic Pattern (Solo)			
17		Radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'			
10		Airport Traffic Pattern (Solo)			
18		Appropriate radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'			
19		Normal Approach and Landing (Solo)			
19		3 landings to full stop After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures			
20		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls			
20		All operations correct & accurate wychecklists, taxi proper speed & controls			
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs Ir	1:		
	N-#:	Hobbs Out	t:		

A/C Type:		Hobbs In:	
N-#:		Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:		Total Time:	
Customer si	ignature:	Instructor signature:	

STAGE 3

Expanding Maneuvers and Landings Skills

Objectives:

Learn to calculate weight and balance, predict aircraft performance, and become familiar with weather theory, reports, forecasts, graphical products, and recognition of critical weather hazards.

Build expertise with slow flight, steep turns, stalls, emergencies, ground reference maneuvers, normal landings and forward slips. Explore short field and soft field takeoff and landing techniques.

Complete progress check.

Flight Lesson 13 — **Review and Solo** — Dual/Solo

Objective: Review slow flight, stalls, steep turns, emergencies and landings with your instructor. Fly solo to the practice area for a set of steep turns and return to make three more full-stop landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
-				
Task #	v	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
1		Risk Management		
1		Using PAVE checklist briefs risk factors for this flight & how to mitigate them		
٦ ا		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
2		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
ر ا		Cockpit Management		
3		Checks safety equipment, all loose items secured, organizes all material to be readily accessible		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
4		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
_		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff, Departure and Climb		
5		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
6		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff (at Altitude)		
6		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
_		Pilotage to and from Practice Area		
7		Navigates most suitable route to and from practice area using chart & landmarks		
		Slow Flight (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +15/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off and Power-On Stalls		
9		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
10		Steep Turns		
10		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±100′, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		
11		Engine Fire in Flight, Emergency Descent and Landing (Simulated)		
11		Fire memory items, emerg descent config, best glide ±10 kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
12		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
12		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 1/3, center 1/3		
12		Forward Slip to Landing		
13		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
1.4		Normal Takeoff and Climb (Solo)		
14		Radio calls, X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
15		Pilotage to Practice or Designated Area within 10 NM (Solo)		
15		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks		
16		Steep Turns (Solo)		
10		Clears practice area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±100′, a/s ±10 kts, bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		
17		Pilotage from Practice or Designated Area (Solo)		
17		Navigates most suitable route from practice area to airport using chart & landmarks		
18		Airport Traffic Pattern (Solo)		
10		Appropriate radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100' Normal Approach and Landing (Solo)		
19				
19		3 landings to full stop After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
20		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		
20		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs In:		
1	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avion	ics:	Total Time:		

Instructor signature:

Customer signature:

Flight Lesson 14 — Short Field Takeoffs and Landings — Dual

Objective: Learn the maximum performance techniques for taking off and landing at airports with short runways and/or obstructions. Review slow flight, stalls, and ground reference maneuvers.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards		Continue
		Calculate Takeoff and Landing Performance		
1		Notes variances with daily high/low temps, uses conservative data & margin for skill/airplane		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist focusing on performance and runway factors		
		Windshear Awareness and Recovery		
3		Explains windshear conditions, indications and recovery procedures		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
4		Explains stall & spin causes, characteristics & recovery procedures		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
5		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Short Field Takeoff and Climb		
6		Observes demo, notes where 50' $\&$ 100' AGL, config, lift off a/s per AFM/POH , pitch to V $_{ m X}$		
		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff (at Altitude)		
7		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Slow Flight with Realistic Distractions (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt $\pm 150'$, hdg $\pm 10^\circ$, a/s $\pm 10/$ -0 kts, bank $\pm 10^\circ$		
_		Power-Off Stall		
9		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated, prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
		Power-On Stall		
10		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated , prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
		Rectangular Course		
11		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Turns Around a Point		
12		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		S-Turns		
13		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Short Field Approach and Landing		
14		Observes demo, stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down +400'/-0', stops in shortest distance		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
15		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		
1	1			<u> </u>

A/C Type:		Hobbs In:	
N-#:		Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:		Total Time:	
Customer signature:		Instructor signature:	

Flight Lesson 15 — **Building Skill with Maneuvers and Landings** — Solo

Objective: Per your CFI's instructions, go to practice area, and practice steep turns and ground reference maneuvers, and return to practice normal and crosswind takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	✓ Tasks/Standards Med		Continue
		Calculate Takeoff and Landing Performance		
1		Notes variances with daily high/low temps, uses conservative data & margin for skill/airplane		
		Calculate Weight and Balance		
2		Notes difference in CG location from dual flights		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff, Departure and Climb		
4		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Pilotage to Practice Area		
5		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks		
_		Steep Turns		
6		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt ±100', a/s ±10 kts, bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		
_		Rectangular Course		
7		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
_		Turns Around a Point		
8		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		S-Turns		
9		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
4.0		Pilotage from Practice Area		
10		Navigates most suitable route from practice area to airport using chart & landmarks		
4.4		Airport Traffic Pattern		
11		Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'		
12		Forward Slip to Landing		
12		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
12		Normal Approach and Landing		
13		3 landings to full stop		
1.4		Go-Around		
14		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for V _Y , +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate		
15		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
15		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		

A/C Type:		Hobbs In:	
N-#:		Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:		Total Time:	
Customer signature:		Instructor signature:	

Flight Lesson 16 — Soft Field Takeoffs and Landings and Progress Check — Dual

Objective: Learn techniques for takeoffs and landings at soft runways. Review slow flight, stalls, S-Turns, Engine Fire and Emergency Approach, and short field takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Calculate Takeoff and Landing Performance		
1		Applies factors for soft runway surface, uses conservative data & margin for skill/airplane		
		Risk Management		
2		Briefs PAVE checklist focusing on performance and runway factors		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Taxiing for Soft Field Takeoff		
4		Positions controls X-wind & light nose, clears area, maintains safe speed without stopping		
		Soft Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		Planned no-go, controls & config set, earliest possible lift off, ground effect until V $_{\rm X}$ /V $_{\rm Y}$, +10/-5		
		Rejected Takeoff		
6		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		
		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff		
7		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Slow Flight with Realistic Distractions (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
8		Smooth, coordinated controls, alt ±150', hdg ±10°, a/s +10/-0 kts, bank ±10°		
		Power-Off Stall		
9		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated, prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
		Power-On Stall		
10		Clears area, full stall, 15° bank turn ±10°, coordinated , prompt lower AOA, power & level wings		
		Engine Fire in Flight, Emergency Descent and Landing (Simulated)		
11		Fire memory items, emerg descent config, best glide ±10 kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
		S-Turns		
12		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
13		Observes demo, stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly		
		Short Field Takeoff and Climb		
14		Briefs no-go, config., lift off $\&$ a/s per AFM/POH , pitches to V $_{ m X}$ until obstacle cleared		
		Short Field Approach and Landing		
15		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance		
		Go-Around		
16		Immediate takeoff power, pitch for V $_{ m Y}$, +10/-5, flaps up, offset as appropriate		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
17		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		

A/C Type:	Hobbs In:	
N-#:	Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:	Total Time:	
Customer signature:	Instructor signature:	

Flight Lesson 17 — **Maneuver Practice** — Solo

Objective: Continue gaining proficiency with steep turns, rectangular course, turns around a point, S-turns, forward slips, and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Uses PAVE checklist to identify risk factors for this flight		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
2		Reviews safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff, Departure and Climb		
3		X-wind controls, tracks C/L, smooth liftoff, climbs +10/-5 kts, scans for traffic		
		Pilotage to Practice Area		
4		Navigates most suitable route to practice area using chart & landmarks		
		Steep Turns		
5		Clears area, 360° turns both directions, alt $\pm 100'$, a/s ± 10 kts, bank $\pm 5^\circ$, hdg $\pm 10^\circ$		
		Rectangular Course		
6		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Turns Around a Point		
7		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		S-Turns		
8		Checks for traffic & obstructions, alt ±100', corrects for wind in straight & turning flight		
		Pilotage from Practice Area		
9		Navigates most suitable route from practice area to airport using chart & landmarks		
		Airport Traffic Pattern		
10		Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
11		Stabilized, +10/-5 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, target +400'/-0'		
		Forward Slip to Landing		
12		Low wing into wind, ground track aligned with runway, recovers from slip for flare		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
13		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls		
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A/C Type:		Hobbs In:	
N-#:		Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:		Total Time:	
Customer sig	nature:	Instructor signature:	

STAGE 4

Night and Cross Country

Objectives:

Learn the elements of cross-country planning, in-flight pilotage and dead reckoning, the use of navigation systems, and procedures for safe night operations. Review airport signs and markings, weather planning, airspace, and systems emergencies. Gain techniques for preflight and in-flight risk management and employing personal minimums.

Exercise pilotage and dead reckoning procedures and the use of electronic systems in cross-country navigation. Become familiar with night operations and review emergencies and control by referring to the flight instruments.

Complete Pre-Solo Cross-Country progress check

Complete the FAA Knowledge test

Complete solo cross-country flights (2 Pt. 141, 3 Pt. 61)

Flight Lesson 18 — Pilotage and DR Cross Country — Dual

Objective: Cross-country using pilotage and dead reckoning navigation to an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance and return. Divert to an alternate when risk management dictates.

Date:	Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	, [Meets	Continue
	Risk Management		
1	Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight and use of the CARE checklist during the flight		
	Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
2	Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight		
_	Weight and Balance and Performance Calculations		
3	Briefs load limits and takeoff/land runway requirements and climb and cruise performance		
	Flight Planning		
4	Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log		
_	Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
5	Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass		
	Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
6	No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, $V_x \pm 5$ kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading		
_	Open Prefiled Flight Plan		
7	Determines correct FSS frequency, establishes contact, opens flight plan		
	En Route Cruise		
8	Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'		
	Pilotage		
9	Identifies landmarks by relating surface features to chart symbols, verifies position within 3 nm		
4.0	DR and Navigation Log		
10	Records ATA, calculates ETEs , GS, fuel, wind & changes to ETA		
	Magnetic Compass		
11	Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±15°		
4.2	Cockpit Management		
12	Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained		
4.2	Task Management		
13	Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment		
4.4	Collision Avoidance		
14	Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned		
4.5	Lost Procedures		
15	Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation		4
1.0	Diversion to an Alternate		
16	Instructor scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel		
17	Airport Traffic Pattern		
17	Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt ±100'		4
18	Short Field Approach and Landing		
10	Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		1
19			
19	No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V_x/V_y , +10/-5, turns to heading Soft Field Approach and Landing		1
20	· · ·		
20	Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Polyaling		1
21	After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
	Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		<u> </u>
A/C Type			
N-#	: Hobbs Out:		
Avionics	: Total Time:		
Customor	signature: Instructor signature:		
Customer	Signature Instructor signature		

Flight Lesson 19 — **Electronic Navigation** — Dual

Objective: Use VOR and GPS systems for orientation, tracking courses, and an aid for diverting to an alternate. Exercise controlling and navigating using instrument reference, and explore in-flight weather resources.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
I d SK #	Ť	Risk Management	IVICELS	Continue
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Utilizes all available resources during flight		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks	1	
3		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass		
		Electronic Flight Plan		
4		Enters proscribed flight plan into installed or portable system, checks accuracy, saves		
		Soft Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V_X/V_Y , +10/-5		
		VOR Orientation and Tracking VR		
6		Tunes & ID, finds radial, fix w/X-radials, intercepts/tracks course To/Fm VOR, station passage		
		Localizer Course Intercepting and Tracking		
7		Tunes & ID LOC, intercepts and tracks front and back courses		
		GPS Navigation		
8		Activates flight plan, intercepts/track courses, uses Nearest & Direct To for divert		
		In-Flight Weather Resources		
9		Accesses all available in-flight resources (FSS, EFAS, HIWAS, ATIS, Cockpit Display)		
		Fundamental Maneuvers IR (Straight & Level, Turns, Climbs, Descents)		
10		Coordinated controls, altitude ±150′, heading ±15°, airspeed ±10 kts, bank ±10°		
		Recovery from Unusual Attitudes IR		
11		Promptly to stabilized, level flight, coordinated, correct control sequence		
		Electronic Navigation IR		
12		Course to destination/alternate, intercepts/tracks course, safe altitude ±200', 1/2 deflection		
		Federal Airways		
13		Identifies airway on chart, selects course in navigation system, intercepts and tracks course		
4.4		Autopilot (if installed)		
14		Conducts preflight test, explains ways to disengage, uses wing leveling, alt/heading hold & nav	<u> </u>	
4.5		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
15		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction		
16		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
10		All operations correct & accurate w/checklists, taxi proper speed & controls	<u> </u>	
			 	
			<u> </u>	

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A/C Type:	Hobbs In:	
N-#:	Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:	Total Time:	
Customer signature:	Instructor signature:	

Flight Lesson 20 — All Systems Cross Country — Dual

Objective: Cross-country using all available navigation systems/advanced equipment. Landing at least 1 airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure equipped with CTAF/Tower opposite of home airport.

Date:	Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	,	Meets	Continue
	Risk Management		
1	Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight and use of the CARE checklist during the flight		
	Single Pilot Resource Management		
2	Utilizes all available resources during flight		
	Weight and Balance and Performance Calculations		
3	Briefs load limits and takeoff/land runway requirements and climb and cruise performance		
	Flight Planning		
4	Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log		
	Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
5	Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass		
	FSS and ATC Radar Service		
6	Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following		
	En Route Cruise		
7	Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100′		
	Pilotage and DR		
8	Maintains navigation log, position within 3 nm, ETA or revised ETA within 3 min.		
	Magnetic Compass		
9	Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±15°		
	Electronic Navigation and Autopilot (if equipped)		
10	At least 1 leg VOR, no more than 1 leg GPS, engage A/P (not more than 5 min.) in cruise		
	In-Flight Weather Resources		
11	Checks available in-flight resources en route (FSS, EFAS, HIWAS, ATIS, Cockpit Display)		
	Cockpit Management		
12	Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained		
	Task Management		
13	Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment		
	Collision Avoidance		
14	Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned		
	Lost Procedures		
15	Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation		
	Diversion to an Alternate		
16	Instructor scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel		
	Airport Traffic Pattern		
17	Appropriate entry, radio calls, complies with instructions and/or procedures, alt $\pm 100'$		
	Soft Field Approach and Landing		
18	Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction		
	Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
19	No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, $V_x \pm 5$ kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading		
	Short Field Approach and Landing		
20	Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance		
	After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
21	Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		
A/C Type	: Hobbs In:		-
, ,, N-#			
Avionics	: Total Time:		
Customer	signature: Instructor signature:		

Flight Lesson 21 — **Night Flying** — Dual

Objective: Become familiar with flying at night noting loss of outside references for flight attitudes, pilotage and obstacles. Practice night landings with and without landing light. Sharpen instrument flying skills .

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		1
1		Briefs PAVE checklist, focus on pilot rest, aircraft/pilot equipment & weather/moonlight		
		Physiological Aspects of Night Flying		
2		Explains vision limitations at night, how to protect night vision, how to scan for traffic		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
3		Discusses differences in resources at night versus day, emergency equipment		
		CFIT		
4		Discusses night hazards for Controlled Flight Into Terrain		
		Airport Layout and Lighting		
5		Briefs notes, NOTAMs, operating hours, layout and lighting for airports to be used		
		Preflight Inspection at Night		
6		Uses good light, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, checks all lights, fuel load, compass		
		Night Prestart and Starting		
7		Flashlights readily available, sets cockpit & external lights, uses checklists		
_		Taxiing at Night		
8		Confirms position w/airport diagram, appropriate speed & lighting, conscious of other aircraft		
		Before Takeoff Checks at Night		
9		Brakes locked for runup, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms not moving on mag check		
10		Night Take Off		
10		Lights set, lineup on C/L, power & airspeed check before no go, smooth rotation to climb attitude		
11		Climb After Night Takeoff		
11		Climb attitude on AI, positive rate of climb, V _Y ±10 kts, wings level until minimum 400' AGL,		
12		Night Local Area Navigation		
12		Landmark recognition, electronic navigation aids Constant Airspeed Climb IR		
13		·		
13		Stabilized, coordinated, V_Y ±10 kts, hdg ±15°, level off alt ±200' Constant Airspeed Descent IR		
14		Stabilized, coordinated, a/s ±10 kts, hdg ±15°, level off alt ±200'		
		180° Level Turn IR		
15		Stabilized, coordinated, alt ±200', airspeed ±10 kts, standard rate turn bank ±10°, hdg ±15°		
		Recovery from Unusual Attitudes IR		
16		Promptly to stabilized, level flight, coordinated, correct control sequence		
		Night Approach and Landing		
17		Pattern alt ±100', hdg ±10°, stabilized approach, a/s +10/-5 kts, 6 full stop (2 landing light off)		
		Night Go-Around		
18		Immediate takeoff power, pitch on AI for V_Y , airspeed +10/-5 kts, flaps up per POH		
		Night Taxiing, Parking, Securing and Post Flight Procedures		
19		Confirms position w/airport diagram, conscious of lights on other aircraft, uses checklists.		
A/C Ty	me.	Hobbs In:		
-	-			
	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avion	iics:	Total Time:		
Custom	ner s	gnature: Instructor signature:		

Flight Lesson 22 — Pre-Solo Cross Country Progress Check — Dual

Objective: Review of planning, navigation, and risk management skills on a cross-country to an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance. Also a review of short and soft field takeoff and landing techniques.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist including W&B, fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
2		Explains location and use of emergency equipment, evaluates adequacy for this flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
3		Briefs planned use of available resources during flight		
		Flight Planning		
4		Briefs planned route, checkpoints, alternates, weather, NOTAMS, airspace, terrain, navigation log		
_		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
5		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, confirms required fuel load, checks compass		
		Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
6		No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, $V_x \pm 5$ kts until obstacle cleared, turns to heading		
		FSS and ATC Radar Service		
7		Opens flight plan with FSS and contacts appropriate ATC facility for VFR Flight Following		
		En Route Cruise		
8		Uses power & mixture settings per POH/AFM, TAS and Fuel Flow planning, hdg ±10°, alt ±100'		
		Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)		
9		Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 2 nm of course, ETA ±3 min		
10		Cockpit Management		
10		Equipment and materials organized, easily accessible and restrained Took Management		
11		Task Management		
11		Prioritizes and manages tasks by selecting the most appropriate for the moment Collision Avoidance		
12				
12		Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned Heading Indicator Failure		
13		Simulated HI failure, use compass for headings, hdg ±10°		
15		Electrical Failure		
14		Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return		
		Lost Procedures		
15		Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation		
1		Diversion to an Alternate		
16		Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC		
		Short Field Approach and Landing		
17		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance		
		Soft Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
18		No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V_X/V_Y , +10/-5, turns to heading		
		Soft Field Approach and Landing		
19		Stabilized approach +10/-5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction		
		No Flap Landing		
20		Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
21		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		
A/C Typ	oe:	Hobbs In:		-
	-#:	Hobbs Out:		
		Total Time:		
Avioni	cs.	Total time:		
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Flight Lesson 23 — First Solo Cross Country — Solo

Objective: Take your first solo cross country and land at an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure. Navigate with DR and pilotage as well as electronic systems. Keep a complete navigation log.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		FAA Knowledge Test		
1		Completed with passing score		
_		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements and Required Documents		
2		Understands the required endorsements, student pilot privileges & specific instructor restrictions		
		Route Briefing		
3		Briefs route, checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, cross-checks, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
		Weather briefing		
4		Departure, en route, destination & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays Destination/Alternates Facilities		
5				
		Briefs ATC or CTAF procedures/frequencies, runways, taxiways, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS Navigation Plan		
6		Briefs charts & pubs (current), methods of navigation, nav log, times, fuel reserves		
\vdash		Risk Management		
7		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how to employ the CARE checklist en route		
<u> </u>		Single Pilot Resource Management		
8		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
		Lost Procedures		
9		Briefs steps to follow if unsure of position		
		Weight and Balance and Performance		
10		Briefs takeoff & landing W&B, takeoff & landing runway required, power settings & performance		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
11		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this flight		
		Emergency Operations		
12		Briefs what ifs of engine failure, engine fire, rough engine, electrical failure, NORDO		
12		FSS and ATC Radar Service		
13		Files, opens & closes flight plan with FSS , employs VFR Flight Following (if available)		
14		Flight to Airport More Than 50 NM Straight Line Distance		
14		Full stop normal landing, refueling (as necessary), weather briefing, return to home airport After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
15		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		
<u> </u>		Postflight Navigation Log and Conditions Review		
16		Briefs instructor on planned versus actual GS, ETE, fuel used, track, airport operations & weather		
		21.636 11.61.61.61.61.61.61.61.61.61.61.61.61.6		
A /C T				
A/C Ty		Hobbs In:		
ı	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avior	nics:	Total Time:		
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Flight Lesson 24 — **Night Cross Country** — Dual

Objective: Night cross-country over 100 nm total distance landing at an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure. Use all systems of navigation and review instruments and emergencies.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		T
Γask #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist including W&B, fuel, & performance, use of the CARE checklist in-flight		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
_		Physiological Aspects of Night Flying		
3		Explains vision limitations at night, how to protect night vision, how to scan for traffic		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
4		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this flight		
		Route Briefing		
5		Briefs route, night visible checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
_		Weather briefing		
6		Departure, en route, destination & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays		
		Destination/Alternates Facilities		
7		Briefs ATC or CTAF proced/freq, runways, taxiways, lighting, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS		
_		CFIT		
8		Discusses night hazards on this route for Controlled Flight Into Terrain		
		Night Preflight Inspection and Startup		
9		Correct/accurate steps w/checklists, uses good light, confirms required fuel load, preps cockpit		
		Night Taxiing and Before Takeoff Checks		
10		Checks instruments and compass, controlled taxi using airport diagram, correct steps w/checklists		
		Night Take Off and Climb		
11		Lights, on C/L, pwr $\&$ a/s check, climb attitude, positive climb, V $_{Y}$ ± 10 kts, wings level <400 $^{\circ}$ AGL		
		FSS and ATC Radar Service		
12		Files, opens & closes flight plan with FSS, employs VFR Flight Following (if available)		
		Navigation (DR, Pilotage, VOR and GPS)		
13		Keeps nav log, uses DR, pilotage & electronic nav, track within 3 nm of course, ETA ±3 min		
		Collision Avoidance		
14		Divides attention among all tasks making sure that looking for traffic is not abandoned		
		Controlling by Flight Instruments (180° Turn and Electronic Navigation)		
15		Alt ±200', airspeed ±10 kts, standard rate turn bank ±10°, hdg ±15°, CDI 1/2 deflection		
		Lost Procedures		
16		Instructor introduces realistic distractions requiring use of lost procedures for reorientation		
		Diversion to an Alternate		
17		Scenario suggests diversion, picks suitable alternate, quick plans hdg, time, & fuel, advises ATC		
		Emergency Operations		
18		Simulated rough engine, electrical failure, heading indicator failure, radio failure		
		Night Approach and Landing		
19		Pattern alt ±100', hdg ±10°, stabilized approach, a/s +10/-5 kts, 6 full stop (2 landing light off)		
		Night Go-Around		
20		Immediate takeoff power, pitch on AI for V $_{\gamma}$, airspeed +10/-5 kts, flaps up per POH		
		Night Taxiing, Parking, Securing and Post Flight Procedures		
21		Confirms position w/airport diagram, conscious of lights on other aircraft, uses checklists.		
A/C Typ	pe:	Hobbs In:		
	-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avioni	ics:	Total Time:		
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Flight Lesson 25 — **Second Solo Cross Country** — Solo

Objective: Solo cross country to an airport more than 50 nm straight-line distance from departure. Navigate with DR, Pilotage and electronic systems. Keep a complete navigation log.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements and Required Documents		
1		Understands the required endorsements, student pilot privileges & specific instructor restrictions		
		Route Briefing		
2		Briefs route, checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, cross-checks, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
		Weather briefing		
3		Departure, en route, destination & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays		
		Destination/Alternates Facilities		
4		Briefs ATC or CTAF procedures/frequencies, runways, taxiways, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS		
		Navigation Plan		
5		Briefs charts & pubs (current), methods of navigation, nav log, times, fuel reserves		
		Risk Management		
6		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how to employ the CARE checklist en route		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
7		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
		Lost Procedures		
8		Briefs steps to follow if unsure of position		
		Weight and Balance and Performance		
9		Briefs takeoff & landing W&B, takeoff & landing runway required, power settings & performance		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
10		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this flight		
		Emergency Operations		
11		Briefs what ifs of engine failure, engine fire, rough engine, electrical failure, NORDO		
4.0		FSS and ATC Radar Service		
12		Files, opens & closes flight plan with FSS for each leg, employs VFR Flight Following (if available)		
4.0		Flight to Airport More Than 50 NM Straight Line Distance		
13		Full stop normal landing, refueling (as necessary), weather briefing, return to home airport		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
14		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		
4.5		Postflight Navigation Log and Conditions Review		
15		Briefs instructor on planned versus actual GS, ETE, fuel used, track, airport operations & weather		

A/C Type: N-#:		Hobbs In: Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:		Total Time:	
Customer si	gnature:	Instructor signature:	_

Flight Lesson 26 — Emergencies and Instrument Review — Dual

Objective: Review emergency procedures for dealing with in-flight system failures. Strengthen control and navigation skills in simulated instrument conditions and practice using the autopilot during inadvertent IMC.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
	√		Mooto	Continuo
Task #	V	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
1		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist and CARE checklist focusing on preparedness for in-flight equipment failures		
١ ,		Single Pilot Resource Management		
2		Briefs planned use of available resources during emergencies		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Briefs safety items, correct/accurate steps w/checklists, proper taxi speed & controls		
		Short Field Takeoff, Climb and Departure		
4		No-go, config., liftoff a/s per POH/AFM, V $_\chi$ \pm 5 kts until obstacle cleared		
		Soft Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		No-go, controls/config set, earliest liftoff, ground effect until V_X/V , \pm 5 kts		
		Rejected Takeoff		
6		Set go/no-go point, idle, maximum braking, maintain directional control		
		Engine Failure in Climb After Takeoff		
7		Promptly pitches for best glide, ±10 kts, best field, memory items		
		Engine Fire in Flight, Emergency Descent and Landing (Simulated)		
8		Fire memory items, emerg descent config, best glide ±10 kts, best field, emerg approach checklist		
		Constant Airspeed Climb IR		
9		Stabilized, coordinated, V_Y ±5 kts, hdg ±10°, level off alt ±100'		
<u> </u>		Constant Airspeed Descent IR	<u> </u>	-
10		·		
10		Stabilized, coordinated, a/s ±5 kts, hdg ±10°, level off alt ±100' 180° Level Turn IR		_
11				
11		Stabilized, coordinated, alt ±150', airspeed ±10 kts, standard rate turn bank ±5°, hdg ±10°		_
1.2		Electronic Navigation IR		
12		Tunes, selects course, alt ±150', airspeed ±10 kts, hdg ±10°, CDI 1/2 deflection		
		Recovery from Unusual Attitudes IR		
13		Promptly to stabilized, level flight, coordinated, correct control sequence		
		Autopilot (if installed) IR		
14		Preflight test, in simulated IMC engages wing leveling, alt & heading/nav hold to return to VMC		
		Electrical Failure		
15		Simulated emergency, reverts to DR & pilotage, decides go to destination, alternate, or return		
		Emergency Communications and ATC Resources		
16		Explain emergency communication procedures for requesting ATC assistance		
		Short Field Approach and Landing		
17		Stabilized approach ±5 kts, touchdown within 400', stops in shortest distance		
		Soft Field Approach and Landing		1
18		Stabilized approach ±5 kts, touches down softly, wt. off nose, maintains crosswind correction		
		No Flap Landing		1
19		Slip as necessary, ±10 kts, no drift, smooth touchdown, first 500'		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, and Post Flight Procedures		
20		Uses checklists, complete/accurate		
		oses checknists, complete, accurate	<u> </u>	
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs In:		
	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avior	nics:	Total Time:	1	

Instructor signature:

Customer signature:

Flight Lesson 27 — Long Solo Cross Country — Solo

Objective: Solo cross-country flight of at least 150 nm total distance (at least 100 nm Pt. 141) with landings at three points. One segment must be greater than 50 nm straight-line distance between takeoff and landing.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Logbook and Certificate Endorsements and Required Documents		
1		Understands the required endorsements, student pilot privileges & specific instructor restrictions		
		Route Briefing		
2		Briefs route, checkpoints, airspace, terrain, boundaries, cross-checks, altitudes, VORs, alternates		
		Weather briefing		
3		Departure, en route, destinations & alternates (current & forecast), NOTAMS, what ifs for delays		
		Destinations/Alternates Facilities		
4		Briefs ATC or CTAF procedures/frequencies, runways, taxiways, servicing, NavAids, NOTAMS		
		Navigation Plan		
5		Briefs charts & pubs (current), methods of navigation, nav log, times, fuel reserves		
		Risk Management		
6		Briefs the PAVE checklist and how to employ the in-flight CARE checklist		
		Single Pilot Resource Management		
7		Briefs resources available for assistance in and outside the cockpit including en route weather		
		Lost Procedures		
8		Briefs steps to follow if unsure of position		
		Weight and Balance and Performance		
9		Briefs takeoff & landing W&B, takeoff & landing runway required, power settings & performance		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
10		Explains location and use of emergency equipment & its adequacy for this flight		
		Emergency Operations		
11		Briefs what ifs of engine failure, engine fire, rough engine, electrical failure, NORDO		
		FSS and ATC Radar Service		
12		Files, opens & closes flight plan with FSS for each leg, employs VFR Flight Following (if available)		
		En Route Landings		
13		Full stop landing each destination, refueling (as necessary), weather briefing		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking, Post Flight Procedures and Refueling		
14		Uses checklists, charts for unfamiliar taxi, ensures correct refueling, closes flight plan		
		Postflight Navigation Log and Conditions Review		
15		Briefs instructor on planned versus actual GS, ETE, fuel used, track, airport operations & weather		

A/C Type: N-#:	Hobbs In: Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:	Total Time:	
Customer signature:	Instructor signature:	

STAGE 5

Earning your Certificate

Objectives:

Learn about the Airman Certification Standards and the role they will play in your practical test. Review Federal Aviation Regulations applicable to a Private Pilot in VFR operations.

Review and perform all the appropriate maneuvers of the current Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards at or exceeding the designated standards.

Complete Pre-Checkride progress check

Complete the Private Pilot Practical Test

Flight Lesson 28 — Maneuvers Review — Dual

Objective: Refine your skills with the Private Pilot tasks of steep turns, slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, emergencies, forward slips, and cross-wind, short field, and soft field takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight		
		Stall/Spin Awareness		
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Crosswind Takeoff and Climb		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Short-Field Takeoff and Climb		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Steep Turns		
7		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Maneuvering During Slow Flight		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-Off Stalls		
9		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-On Stalls		
10		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated)		
11		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Systems and Equipment Malfunctions		1
12		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Rectangular Course		1
13		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		S-Turns		1
14		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Turns Around a Point		
15		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Crosswind Approach and Landing		
16		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Soft-Field Approach and Landing		1
17		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Short-Field Approach and Landing		
18		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Go-Around/Rejected Landing		
19		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Forward Slip to Landing		
20		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		After Landing, Taxi, Parking and Post Flight Procedures		1
21		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
A/C Typ	oe:	Hobbs In:		-1
	-#:	Hobbs Out:		
Avioni	cs:	Total Time:		
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Flight Lesson 29 — **Maneuvers Practice** — Solo

Objective: Practice the Private Pilot tasks of steep turns, slow flight, stalls, ground reference maneuvers, emergencies, forward slips, and cross-wind, short field, and soft field takeoffs and landings.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Risk Management		
1		Briefs PAVE checklist for this flight		
		Preflight Inspection, Startup, Taxiing, and Before Takeoff Checks		
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff and Climb		
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Short-Field Takeoff and Climb		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Steep Turns		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
_		Maneuvering During Slow Flight		
7		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-Off Stalls		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Rectangular Course		
9		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
4.0		S-Turns		
10		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
4.4		Turns Around a Point		
11		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
12		As Assigned by Instructor		
12		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
12		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
13		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
14		Soft-Field Approach and Landing		
14		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
15		Short-Field Approach and Landing		
15		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
16		Forward Slip to Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
10		After Landing, Taxi, Parking and Post Flight Procedures		
17		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		rnvate riiot Airman Certijication Standards		

A/C Type:	Hobbs In:	
N-#:	Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:	Total Time:	
Customer signature:	Instructor signature:	

Flight Lesson 30-1 — **Pre-Checkride Instructor Review** — Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with your instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Airman Certification Standards		
1		Introduction (Special Emphasis Areas), Applicant's Checklist & Areas of Operation and Tasks		
		Single-Pilot Resource Management		
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Risk Management		
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Aeronautical Decision-Making		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Task Management		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Situational Awareness		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Controlled Flight into Terrain (CFIT)		
7		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Automation Management		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Positive Exchange of Flight Controls	1	
9		Explains and uses the positive three-step exchange of controls		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
10		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Land and Hold Short Operations (LAHSO)		
11		Explains where to find if an airport uses LAHSO, procedures, restrictions & options		
		Runway Incursion Avoidance		
12		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Certificates and Documents		
13		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Airworthiness Requirements		
14		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Weather Information		
15		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Cross-Country Flight Planning		
16		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		National Airspace System		
17		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Performance and Limitations		
18		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Operation of Systems		
19		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Aeromedical Factors		
20		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Preflight Inspection		
21		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Cockpit Management		
22		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Engine starting		
23		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Taxiing		1
24		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		

Flight Lesson 30-2 — **Pre-Checkride Instructor Review pg 2** — Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with your instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Before Takeoff Check		
25		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Radio Communications and ATC Light Signals		
26		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Traffic Patterns		
27		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Airport, Runway and Taxiway Signs, Markings and Lighting		
28		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Takeoff and Climb		
29		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing		
30		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb		
31		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Soft-Field Approach and Landing		
32		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Short-Field Takeoff and Maximum Performance Climb		
33		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Short-Field Approach and Landing		
34		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Forward Slip to a Landing		
35		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Go-Around/Rejected Landing		
36		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Steep Turns		
37		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Rectangular Course		
38		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		S-Turns		
39		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Turns Around a Point		
40		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Pilotage and Dead Reckoning		
41		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Navigation Systems and Radar Services		
42		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Diversion		
43		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Lost Procedures		
44		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Maneuvering During Slow Flight		
45		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-Off Stalls		
46		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Power-On Stalls		
47		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Spin Awareness		
48		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		

Flight Lesson 30-3 — **Pre-Checkride Instructor Review pg 3** — Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with your instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Straight-and-Level Flight IR		
49		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Constant Airspeed Climbs IR		
50		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Constant Airspeed Descents IR		
51		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Turns to Headings IR		
52		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Recovery from Unusual Flight Attitudes IR		
53		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Radio Communications, Navigation Systems/Facilities and Radar Services		
54		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Descent		
55		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
56		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated) Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
30		Systems and Equipment Malfunctions		
57		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear		
58		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Night Preparation		
59		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		After Landing, Parking and Securing		
60		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	1			
A/C Ty	/pe:	Hobbs In:		
	N-#:	Hobbs Out:		
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Flight Lesson 31-1 — **Pre-Checkride Progress Check** — Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with a progress check instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:		Name of pilot in training:		
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue
		Airman Certification Standards		
1		Introduction (Special Emphasis Areas), Applicant's Checklist & Areas of Operation and Tasks		
		Single-Pilot Resource Management		
2		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Risk Management		
3		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Aeronautical Decision-Making		
4		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Task Management		
5		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Situational Awareness		
6		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Controlled Flight into Terrain (CFIT)		
7		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Automation Management		
8		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Positive Exchange of Flight Controls	1	
9		Explains and uses the positive three-step exchange of controls		
		Wake Turbulence Avoidance		
10		Explains procedures for taking off & landing after departing & arriving large aircraft		
		Land and Hold Short Operations (LAHSO)		
11		Explains where to find if an airport uses LAHSO, procedures, restrictions & options		
		Runway Incursion Avoidance		
12		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Certificates and Documents		
13		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Airworthiness Requirements		
14		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Weather Information		
15		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Cross-Country Flight Planning		
16		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		National Airspace System		
17		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Performance and Limitations		
18		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Operation of Systems		
19		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Aeromedical Factors		
20		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Preflight Inspection		
21		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
		Cockpit Management		
22		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Engine starting		
23		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		
	 	Taxiing		1
24		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards		

Flight Lesson 31-2 — Pre-Checkride Progress Check pg 2 — Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with a progress check instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

	Name of pilot in training:	
✓	Tasks/Standards Meets	Continue
Before Takeoff Che	·	
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	rtification Standards	
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Private Pilot Airman Cei	tification Standards	
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S-Turns		
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Private Pilot Airman Cei	rtification Standards	
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Power-Off Stalls	•	
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Power-On Stalls	,	
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	Private Pilot Airman Cer Radio Communicati Private Pilot Airman Cer Traffic Patterns Private Pilot Airman Cer Airport, Runway and Private Pilot Airman Cer Normal and Crossw Private Pilot Airman Cer Normal and Crossw Private Pilot Airman Cer Normal and Crossw Private Pilot Airman Cer Soft-Field Takeoff a Private Pilot Airman Cer Soft-Field Approach Private Pilot Airman Cer Short-Field Approach Private Pilot Airman Cer Short-Field Approach Private Pilot Airman Cer Short-Field Approach Private Pilot Airman Cer Steep Turns Private Pilot Airman Cer Steep Turns Private Pilot Airman Cer S-Turns Private Pilot Airman Cer S-Turns Private Pilot Airman Cer S-Turns Private Pilot Airman Cer Turns Around a Poi Private Pilot Airman Cer Navigation Systems Private Pilot Airman Cer Navigation Systems Private Pilot Airman Cer Lost Procedures Private Pilot Airman Cer Diversion Private Pilot Airman Cer Diversion Private Pilot Airman Cer Diversion Private Pilot Airman Cer Diversion Private Pilot Airman Cer Spinte Pilot Airman Cer Power-Off Stalls Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness Private Pilot Airman Cer Spin Awareness	Before Takeoff Check Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Radio Communications and ATC Light Signals Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Traffic Patterns Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Airport, Runway and Taxiway Signs, Markings and Lighting Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Normal and Crosswind Takeoff and Climb Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Normal and Crosswind Approach and Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Soft-Field Takeoff and Climb Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Soft-Field Approach and Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Soft-Field Approach and Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Short-Field Takeoff and Maximum Performance Climb Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Short-Field Approach and Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Forward Slip to a Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Forward Slip to a Landing Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Steep Turns Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Steep Turns Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Turns Around a Point Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Turns Around a Point Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Turns Around a Point Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Navigation Systems and Radar Services Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Navigation Systems and Radar Services Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Diversion Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Diversion Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Diversion Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Diversion Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Diversion Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Power-On Stalls Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Power-On Stalls Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards Power-On Stalls

Flight Lesson 31-3 — Pre-Checkride Progress Check pg 3 — Dual

Objective: Review all Private Pilot tasks with a progress check instructor making sure that all meet/exceed the Airman Certification Standards.

Date:	Date: Name of pilot in training:					
Task #	✓	Tasks/Standards	Meets	Continue		
		Constant Airspeed Climbs IR				
50		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
		Constant Airspeed Descents IR				
51		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
		Turns to Headings IR				
52		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
		Recovery from Unusual Flight Attitudes IR				
53		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
		Radio Communications, Navigation Systems/Facilities and Radar Services				
54		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
		Emergency Descent				
55		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
		Emergency Approach and Landing (Simulated)				
56		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
		Systems and Equipment Malfunctions				
57		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
58		Emergency Equipment and Survival Gear				
- 38		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
59		Night Preparation				
39		PPrivate Pilot Airman Certification Standards After Landing, Parking and Securing				
60		Private Pilot Airman Certification Standards				
- 00		Frivate Filot All main Certification Standards				

A/C Type:	Hobbs In:	
N-#:	Hobbs Out:	
Avionics:	Total Time:	
Customer signature:	Instructor signature:	

